



32. Traditional home

Built in 1917, the home is part of the neighbourhood's traditional architecture. It is one of the more simple types of single-family home developed from the urban barraca.

It is distributed around a central corridor. The space facing the main façade is shared by a reception room and bedroom; these rooms receive direct light from three openings on the façade distributed symmetrically with regard to the main door, the other two are narrower, elongated windows. A corridor from the entrance with bedrooms on both sides leads to the dining room; from here there is direct access to the kitchen in the corral, where the toilet can also be found.

Its modernist style is visible in the finishes and detailing, mainly on the façade. The wall is fully clad with ceramic material, combining two-tone bevelled tiles with mosaic. Three animal gargoyles are placed on the axis of the openings to collect water from the roof. A stone plinth split with openings runs along the façade.